... et d'ailleurs / ... en van andere streken



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A new Pentatomidae for the fauna of Namibia: Kundelungua meridionalis (Heteroptera, Pentatomidae, Podopinae)

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Abstract

Kundelungua meridionalis Schouteden, 1966 (Heteroptera, Pentatomidae, Podopinae) is reported from Namibia for the first time. It has been found in Kuzikus Wildlife Reserve in the Kalahari desert, among the roots of grasses. Habitus and biotope are illustrated and a distribution map and biological data are provided.

Keywords: Stink bug, Hemiptera, Afrotropical region.

Introduction

Kundelungua meridionalis Schouteden, 1966 is a minute although very peculiar species of Podopinae presently reported from South Africa and Madagascar (DAVIDOVA-VILIMOVA, 1993).

The genus Kundelungua Schouteden, 1951 was reviewed and keyed by DAVIDOVA-VILIMOVA (1993) and contains 2 species: K. leleupi Schouteden, 1951, presently known only from Congo Democratic Republic, and K. meridionalis.

Materials and methods

The specimen has been found during the 2011 Entomological Project organized by the association BRinK (Biological Research in Kuzikus) in the Kuzikus Wildlife Reserve (Kalahari Desert, Namibia). It was hidden in the roots of grass and captured after uprooting the tuft of grass from the ground and dismantling the tuft.

It was identified using the key of DAVIDOVA-VILIMOVA (1993). The distribution map was produced using the software CFF 2.1, including the data of DAVIDOVA-VILIMOVA (1993) (note that Bothaville is misspelled "Bothaville" in that paper).

Kundelungua meridionalis Schouteden, 1966 Namibia n. sp.

(Figs 1-3)

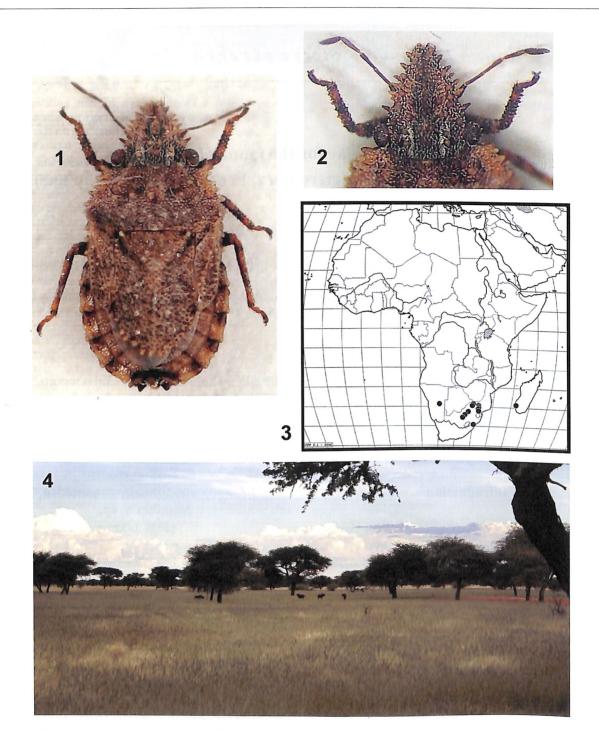
Material examined: 10. Namibia, Kuzikus Wildlife Reserve, 23°14'17.2"S 18°23'28.8"E, under grass (Aristida spp.), 11.IV.2011, I.G.: 31.840, leg. J. Constant. Deposited in the collections of the Royal Belgian Institute of Natural Sciences (Brussels).

The biotope (Fig. 4) is a savannah dominated by the grasses Aristida L. spp. and Stipagrostis uniplumis (Licht.) De winter (both Poaceae), and with some Acacia erioloba E. Mey. trees and Acacia hebeclada DC. Shrubs (Fabaceae).

Distribution: see Fig. 3.

Comments

K. meridionalis is easy to separate from K. leleupi using the key of DAVIDOVA-VILIMOVA (1993). Finding the species in the field is not easy as it is small and very well camouflaged on the ground. As it lives on the ground, pitfall traps could be a good collecting method to monitor that species. The present data greatly extends the distribution of the species to the West (Fig. 3).



Figs 1-4. *Kundelungua meridionalis*, male. 1. dorsal view. 2. detail of the head. 3. distribution map. 4. biotope in which the specimen was collected.

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References

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